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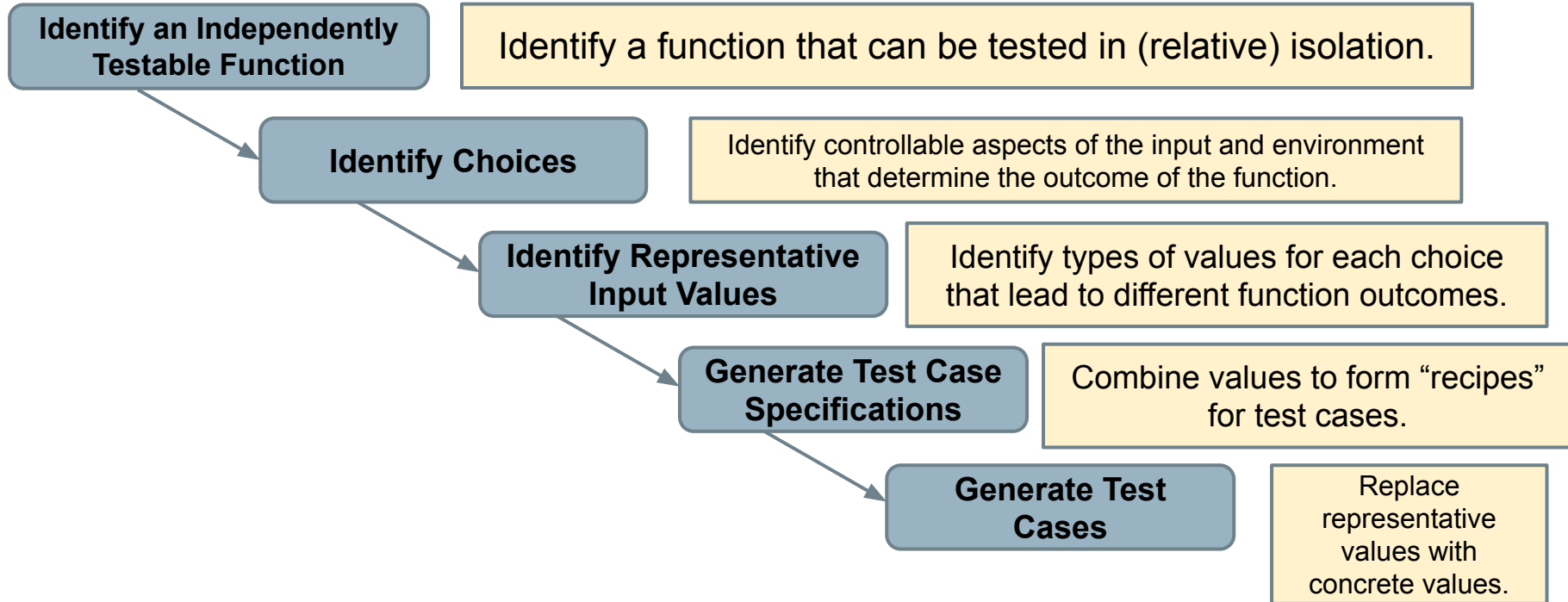


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# Lecture 11: Testing of Feature Interactions

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# Creating System-Level Tests



# Test Specifications

- **May end up with thousands of test specifications.**
- Which do you turn into concrete test cases?
- **Identify the important interactions.**



# Today's Goals

- Examine how feature interactions can create faults.
- Examine **how to select system tests** to increase likelihood of detecting interaction faults.
  - Category-Partition Method
  - Combinatorial Interaction Testing

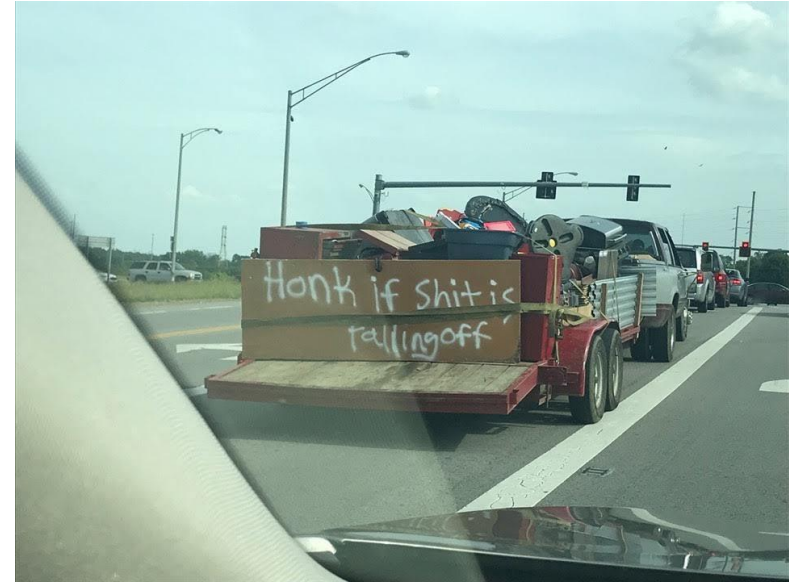
# Feature Interactions

- Features are expected to interact.
  - Usually this is planned!
  - Sometimes unplanned interactions break the system.
  - **We should select tests that thoroughly test feature interactions.**



# Feature Interactions

- **Feature interactions** result from combining **values** of individual **choices**.
  - **Inadvertent interactions** cause unexpected behavior
  - (ex. incorrect output, timing)
- Want to detect, manage, resolve inadvertent interactions.





# Fire and Flood Control



- FireControl activates sprinklers when fire detected.
- FloodControl cuts water supply when water detected on floor.
- **Interaction means building burns down.**

# WordPress Plug-Ins

[`:weather:`]



WORDPRESS

:) 8-) ;-) ...



Today's weather: [`:weather:`🕶️]

- Weather and emoji plug-ins tested independently.
- Their interaction results in unexpected behavior.



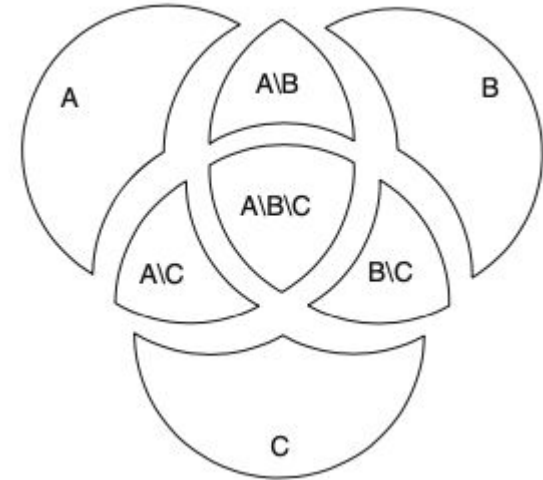
# Feature Interactions

**Unit test vs. Integration test**



# N-Way Interactions

- Interactions between two features are called 2-way interactions.
- If N features interact, this is an N-way interaction.
  - A, B, C have three 2-way interactions, one 3-way interaction.



# N-Way Interactions

```
1 class Stack {
2
3     boolean push(Object o) {
4         #ifdef LOCKING
5             Lock lock = lock();
6             if(lock == null) {
7                 #ifdef LOGGING
8                     log("lock failed for: "+o);
9                 #endif
10                return false;
11            }
12        #endif
13        #ifdef UNDO
14            rememberValue();
15        #endif
16        elementData[size++] = o;
17        /*...*/
18    }
19
20    #ifdef LOGGING
21    void log(String msg) { /*...*/ }
22    #endif
```

```
23 #ifdef UNDO
24     boolean undo() {
25         #ifdef LOCKING
26             Lock lock = lock();
27             if(lock == null) {
28                 #ifdef LOGGING
29                     log("undo-lock failed");
30                 #endif
31                 return false;
32             }
33         #endif
34         restoreValue();
35         /*...*/
36         #ifdef LOGGING
37             log("undone.");
38         #endif
39     }
40
41     void rememberValue() { /*...*/ }
42     void restoreValue() { /*...*/ }
43 #endif
44 }
```

- Features: Locking, Logging, Undo.
- Nested #ifdef indicate N-way interactions
  - 2-way: 3
  - 3-way: 1

# Selecting Test Specifications

- We want to select *interesting* specifications.
- **Category-Partition Method**
  - Apply constraints to reduce the number of specifications.
- **Combinatorial Interaction Testing**
  - Identify a subset that covers all interactions between pairs of choices.

# Category-Partition Method

# Category-Partition Method

Creates a set of test specifications.

- **Choices, representative values, and constraints.**
  - **Choices:** What you can control when testing.
  - **Representative Values:** Logical options for each choice.
  - **Constraints:** Limit certain combinations of values.
- Apply more constraints to further limit set.



# Identify Choices

- Examine parameters of function.
  - *Direct input, environmental parameters (i.e., databases), and configuration options.*
- Identify characteristics of each parameter.
  - What aspects influence outcome? (**the choices**)
- **Choices** are also called ***categories*** if you look up category-partition method.

# Example: Computer Configurations

- Web shop that sells custom computers.
- A *configuration* is a set of options for a *model*.
  - Some combinations are invalid (i.e., display port monitor with HDMI video output).
- Function: `checkConfiguration(model, configuration)`
  - What are the parameters?
  - What are the choices to be made for each parameter?

# Example: Computer Configuration

- **Model:** Identifies a product and determines constraints on available components. Identified by a model number. Characterized by a set of slots. Slots may be required (must be filled) or optional (may be left empty).
- **Configuration:** Set of <slot, component> pairs. Must correspond to the required and optional slots of the model. Available components and a default for each slot are determined by the model. Slots may be empty (may be default for optional slots). Components can be compatible or incompatible with a model or with each other.

# Example: Configuration Choices

- **Parameter: Model**
  - Model number
  - Number of required slots (must have a component)
  - Number of optional slots (component or empty)
- **Parameter: Configuration**
  - Selected configuration valid for model?
  - Number [required/optional] slots with non-empty selections.
  - Selected components for [required/optional] slots OK?
- **Parameter: Product Database**
  - Number of models in database
  - Number of components in database

# Identify Representative Values

- Many values can be selected for each choice.
- Partition each choice into *types of values*.
  - Consider all outcomes of function.
  - Consider logical ranges or groupings.
- A test specification is a selection of values for all choices.
  - Concrete test case fills values for each abstract selection.

| Table |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |     |
|-------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|
| 1     | 2  | 3  | 4  | 5  | 6  | 7  | 8  | 9  | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25  |
| 26    | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 | 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50  |
| 51    | 52 | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75  |
| 76    | 77 | 78 | 79 | 80 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 89 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 |

# Values for Each Choice

## Parameter: Model

- Choice: Model number
  - malformed
  - not in database
  - valid
- Choice: Number of required slots
  - 0
  - 1
  - many
- Choice: Number of optional slots
  - 0
  - 1
  - many

## Parameter: Product Database

- Choice: Number of models in database
  - 0
  - 1
  - many
- Number of components in database
  - 0
  - 1
  - many

## Parameter: Configuration

- Choice: Configuration Matches Model
  - complete correspondence
  - omitted slots in configuration
  - extra slots in configuration
  - mismatched number of required and optional slots
- Choice: Number of empty required slots that are empty
  - all required slots filled
  - some required slots empty
  - all required slots empty
- Choice: Number of optional slots that are empty
  - all optional slots filled
  - some optional slots empty
  - all optional slots empty
- Choice: Selected components for required slots
  - all valid
  - some kept at default
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with slot
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with another component
  - $\geq 1$  not in database
- Choice: Selected components for optional slots
  - all valid
  - some kept at default
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with slot
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with another component
  - $\geq 1$  not in database



# Generate Test Case Specifications

- Test specification = selection of values for choices.
- **Constraints** limit number of specifications.
  - Eliminate impossible pairings.
  - Remove unnecessary options.
  - Choose a subset to turn into concrete tests.

**1944 tests (all combinations)**



**678 Tests**



**40 Tests!**

- Seven choices with three values, one with four values, two with five values.
  - $3^7 \times 5^2 \times 4 = 218700$  test specifications
- Not all combinations correspond to reasonable specifications.

#### Parameter: Model

- Choice: Model number
  - malformed
  - not in database
  - valid
- Choice: Number of required slots
  - 0
  - 1
  - many
- Choice: Number of optional slots
  - 0
  - 1
  - many

#### Parameter: Product Database

- Choice: Number of models in database
  - 0
  - 1
  - many
- Number of components in database
  - 0
  - 1
  - many

#### Parameter: Configuration

- Choice: Configuration Matches Model
  - complete correspondence
  - omitted slots in configuration
  - extra slots in configuration
  - mismatched number of required and optional slots
- Choice: Number of empty required slots that are empty
  - all required slots filled
  - some required slots empty
  - all required slots empty
- Choice: Number of optional slots that are empty
  - all optional slots filled
  - some optional slots empty
  - all optional slots empty
- Choice: Selected components for required slots
  - all valid
  - some kept at default
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with slot
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with another component
  - $\geq 1$  not in database
- Choice: Selected components for optional slots
  - all valid
  - some kept at default
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with slot
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with another component
  - $\geq 1$  not in database

# Constraints Between Values

- IF-CONSTRAINT
  - This value only needs to be used under certain conditions  
(if **X is true**, use **value Y**)
- ERROR
  - Value causes error regardless of values of other choices.
- SINGLE
  - Only a single test with this value is needed.
  - Corner cases that should give “good” outcome.

# Example - Substring

`substr(string str, int index)`

## Choice: Str length

length = 0 property zeroLen, TRUE if length = 0

length = 1

length >= 2

## Choice: Str contents

contains letters and numbers if !zeroLen

contains special characters if !zeroLen SINGLE

empty if zeroLen

## Choice: index

value < 0 ERROR

value = 0

value = 1

value > 1

8 (error cases) + 6 (single cases) +  $(1^7 \cdot 2^1 \cdot 3^2)$  (RSMANY = true/OSMANY = true) +  $(1^5 \cdot 2^3 \cdot 3^2)$  (false/true) +  $(1^5 \cdot 2^3 \cdot 3^2)$  (true/false) +  $(1^3 \cdot 2^5 \cdot 3^2)$  (false/false) = 464 test specifications

# Example - Configuration Constraints

## Parameter: Model

- Choice: Model number
  - malformed [error]
  - not in database
  - valid
- Choice: Number of required slots
  - 0 [single]
  - 1
  - many [property RSMANY]
- Choice: Number of optional slots
  - 0 [single]
  - 1
  - many [property OSMANY]

## Parameter: Product Database

- Choice: Number of models in database
  - 0 [error]
  - 1 [single]
  - many
- Number of components in database
  - 0 [error]
  - 1 [single]
  - many

## Parameter: Configuration

- Choice: Configuration Matches Model
  - complete correspondence
  - omitted slots in configuration [error]
  - extra slots in configuration [error]
  - mismatched number of required and optional slots [error]
- Choice: Number of empty required slots that are empty
  - all required slots filled
  - some required slots empty [if RSMANY]
  - all required slots empty
- Choice: Number of optional slots that are empty
  - all optional slots filled
  - some optional slots empty [if OSMANY]
  - all optional slots empty
- Choice: Selected components for required slots
  - all valid
  - some kept at default [single]
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with slot
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with another component
  - $\geq 1$  not in database [error]
- Choice: Selected components for optional slots
  - all valid
  - some kept at default [single]
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with slot
  - $\geq 1$  incompatible with another component
  - $\geq 1$  not in database [error]

# Activity - find service

<https://bit.ly/31i2YcK>

## `find(pattern,file)`

- Finds instances of a pattern in a file
  - `find("john",myFile)`
    - Finds all instances of john in the file
  - `find("john smith",myFile)`
    - Finds all instances of john smith in the file
  - `find("“john” smith",myFile)`
    - Finds all instances of “john” smith in the file



# Activity - find Service

<https://bit.ly/31i2YcK>

- Parameters: pattern, file
- What can we vary for each?
  - What can we control about the pattern? Or the file?
- What values can we choose for each choice?
  - **File name:**
    - File exists with that name
    - File does not exist with that name
- What constraints can we apply between choice values? (if, single, error)

# Example - find Service

**$(2^2 * 3^3 * 4^1) = 108$  test specifications**

- Pattern size:
  - Empty
  - single character
  - many characters
  - longer than any line in the file
- Quoting:
  - pattern has no quotes
  - pattern has proper quotes
  - pattern has improper quotes (only one “)
- Embedded spaces:
  - No spaces
  - One space
  - Several spaces
- File name:
  - Existing file name
  - no file with this name
- Number of occurrence of pattern in file:
  - None
  - exactly one
  - more than one
- Pattern occurrences on any single line line:
  - One
  - more than one

# ERROR and SINGLE Constraints

$$4 \text{ (error)} + 2 \text{ (single)} + (1^2 * 2^3 * 3^1) = 30$$

- Pattern size:
  - [error]** • Empty
  - single character
  - many character
  - [error]** • longer than any line in the file
  - Quoting:
    - pattern has no quotes
    - pattern has proper quotes
    - [error]** • pattern has improper quotes (only one “)
  - Embedded spaces:
    - No spaces
    - One space
    - Several spaces
- File name:
  - Existing file name
  - no file with this name **[error]**
- Number of occurrence of pattern in file:
  - None
  - exactly one **[single]**
  - more than one
- Pattern occurrences on target line:
  - One
  - more than one **[single]**

# IF Constraints

$$4 \text{ (error)} + 2 \text{ (single)} + (1^3 \cdot 2^3) \text{ (quoted = true)} + (1^4 \cdot 2^2) \text{ (quoted = false)} = 18$$

- Pattern size:

[error]

- Empty
- single character
- many character

[error]

- longer than any line in the file

- Quoting:

- pattern has no quotes

[property quoted]

- pattern has proper quotes

[error]

- pattern has improper quotes (only one “)

- Embedded spaces:

- No spaces

[if quoted]

- One space

[if quoted]

- Several spaces

- File name:

- Existing file name
- no file with this name [error]

- Number of occurrence of pattern in file:

- None
- exactly one [single]
- more than one

- Pattern occurrences on target line:

- One
- more than one [single]

**Let's take a break.**

# Combinatorial Interaction Testing



# Limiting Num. of Test Specifications

| Bandwidth Mode       | Language    | Fonts       |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Desktop Site         | English     | Standard    |
| Mobile Site          | French      | Open-Source |
| Text Only            | German      | Minimal     |
|                      | Swedish     |             |
| Advertising          | Screen Size |             |
| No Advertising       | Phone       |             |
| Targeted Advertising | Tablet      |             |
| General Advertising  | Full Size   |             |
| Minimal Advertising  |             |             |

- Full set = 432 specifications
- No natural IF, SINGLE, ERROR constraints for these features.
- What is important to cover?

# Combinatorial Interaction Testing

- Cover all  $k$ -way interactions ( $k < N$ ).
  - Typically **2-way (pairwise)** or 3-way.
- Set of all combinations grows exponentially.
- Set of pairwise combinations grows logarithmically.
  - (last slide) 432 combinations.
  - Possible to cover all pairs in 16 tests.

# Example - Paragraph Effects

Paragraph spaces has two values: **selected** and **unselected**.  
Mirror indents has two values: **selected** and **unselected**.  
And finally, line spacing has three values: **single**, **multiple** and **double**.

## Paragraph Space

☐ Don't add space between paragraphs of the same style

## Indentation

☐ Mirror Indents

## Line Spacing

Single

| Paragraph Space | Indentation | Line Spacing |
|-----------------|-------------|--------------|
| Selected        | Selected    | Single       |
| Unselected      | Unselected  | Double       |
|                 |             | Multiple     |

**2 \* 2 \* 3 = 12  
combinations**

# Example - Paragraph Effects

|          |                   |                      |
|----------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Single   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Selected   |
| Single   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Selected   |
| Single   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Unselected |
| Single   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Unselected |
| Multiple | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Selected   |
| Multiple | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Selected   |
| Multiple | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Unselected |
| Multiple | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Unselected |
| Double   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Selected   |
| Double   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Selected   |
| Double   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Unselected |
| Double   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Unselected |

|          |                   |                      |
|----------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Single   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Selected   |
| Single   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Selected   |
| Single   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Unselected |
| Single   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Unselected |
| Multiple | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Selected   |
| Multiple | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Selected   |
| Multiple | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Unselected |
| Multiple | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Unselected |
| Double   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Selected   |
| Double   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Selected   |
| Double   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Unselected |
| Double   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Unselected |

|          |                   |                      |
|----------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Single   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Selected   |
| Single   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Selected   |
| Single   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Unselected |
| Single   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Unselected |
| Multiple | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Selected   |
| Multiple | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Selected   |
| Multiple | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Unselected |
| Multiple | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Unselected |
| Double   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Selected   |
| Double   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Selected   |
| Double   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Unselected |
| Double   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Unselected |

# Example - Paragraph Effects

- Goal of CIT is to produce **covering array**.
  - Set of configurations that covers all K-way combinations.
    - (2-way here).
  - Cover in 6 test specifications.

|          |                   |                      |
|----------|-------------------|----------------------|
| Single   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Selected   |
| Single   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Unselected |
| Multiple | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Selected   |
| Multiple | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Unselected |
| Double   | Indent Selected   | Paragraph Unselected |
| Double   | Indent Unselected | Paragraph Selected   |

# Example - Website Display

| Bandwidth Mode |
|----------------|
| Desktop Site   |
| Mobile Site    |
| Text Only      |
| Fonts          |
| Standard       |
| Open-Source    |
| Minimal        |
| Screen Size    |
| Phone          |
| Tablet         |
| Full Size      |

| Bandwidth Mode | Fonts       | Screen Size |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| Desktop Site   | Standard    | Phone       |
| Desktop Site   | Open-Source | Tablet      |
| Desktop Site   | Minimal     | Full Size   |
| Mobile Site    | Standard    | Tablet      |
| Mobile Site    | Open-Source | Full Size   |
| Mobile Site    | Minimal     | Phone       |
| Text Only      | Standard    | Full Size   |
| Text Only      | Open-Source | Phone       |
| Text Only      | Minimal     | Tablet      |

- Cover all combinations for two variables.
- Add a third, account for all combinations of pairs of values.
  - Each test specification can cover up to three pairs.

# Example - Web

| Bandwidth Mode       | Language    | Fonts       |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Desktop Site         | English     | Standard    |
| Mobile Site          | French      | Open-Source |
| Text Only            | German      | Minimal     |
|                      | Swedish     |             |
| Advertising          | Screen Size |             |
| No Advertising       | Phone       |             |
| Targeted Advertising | Tablet      |             |
| General Advertising  | Full Size   |             |
| Minimal Advertising  |             |             |

| Language | Advertising          | Bandwidth Mode | Fonts       | Screen Size |
|----------|----------------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| English  | No Advertising       | Desktop Site   | Standard    | Phone       |
| English  | Targeted Advertising | Mobile Site    | Open-Source | Tablet      |
| English  | General Advertising  | Text Only      | Minimal     | Full Size   |
| English  | Minimal Advertising  | Mobile Site    | Minimal     | Phone       |
| French   | No Advertising       | -              | -           | -           |
| French   | Targeted Advertising | Desktop Site   | Minimal     | Full Size   |
| French   | General Advertising  | Mobile Site    | Standard    | Tablet      |
| French   | Minimal Advertising  | Text Only      | Open-Source | Phone       |
| German   | No Advertising       | Text Only      | Minimal     | Tablet      |
| German   | Targeted Advertising | -              | -           | -           |
| German   | General Advertising  | Desktop Site   | Open-Source | Phone       |
| German   | Minimal Advertising  | Mobile Site    | Standard    | Full Size   |
| Swedish  | No Advertising       | Mobile Site    | Open-Source | Full Size   |
| Swedish  | Targeted Advertising | Text Only      | Standard    | Phone       |
| Swedish  | General Advertising  | -              | -           | -           |
| Swedish  | Minimal Advertising  | Desktop Site   | Minimal     | Tablet      |

# Constraints

- Remove all ERROR/SINGLE cases before CIT.
  - Error output, one-time corner cases
- Constraints on value combinations specified:
  - OMIT(Text-Only, \*, \*, Full Size, \*)
  - OMIT(\*, \*, \*, Full Size, Minimal)
- Further reduces number of test specifications.



# CIT Tools

- Pairwise Independent Combinatorial Testing (Microsoft): <https://github.com/microsoft/pict>
- Automated Combinatorial Testing for Software (NIST):  
<https://csrc.nist.gov/projects/automated-combinatorial-testing-for-software>
- .. Many more: <http://www.pairwise.org/tools.asp>

# Activity - Browser Configuration

| Allow Content to Load | Notify About Pop-Ups | Allow Cookies | Warn About Add-Ons | Warn About Attack Sites | Warn About Forgeries |
|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------|--------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|
| Allow                 | Yes                  | Allow         | Yes                | Yes                     | Yes                  |
| Restrict              | No                   | Restrict      | No                 | No                      | No                   |
| Block                 |                      | Block         |                    |                         |                      |

- Full set of test specifications = 144
- Create set covering all pairwise value combinations.
  - Hint: Start with two variables with most values. Add one variable at a time.

# Activity Solution

| Allow Content | Allow Cookies | Pop-Ups | Add-Ons | Attacks | Forgeries |
|---------------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| Allow         | Allow         | Yes     | Yes     | Yes     | Yes       |
| Allow         | Restrict      | No      | No      | Yes     | No        |
| Allow         | Block         | No      | No      | No      | Yes       |
| Restrict      | Allow         | Yes     | No      | No      | No        |
| Restrict      | Restrict      | Yes     | -       | -       | Yes       |
| Restrict      | Block         | No      | Yes     | Yes     | No        |
| Block         | Allow         | No      | -       | -       | Yes       |
| Block         | Restrict      | -       | Yes     | No      | -         |
| Block         | Block         | Yes     | No      | Yes     | No        |

# We Have Learned

- Process for deriving system-level tests often results in **too many test specifications**.
- Two methods that **identify important interactions**:
  - **Category-Partition Method**: Use constraints to eliminate unnecessary tests.
  - **Combinatorial Interaction Testing**: Identify important pairs of input values.

# Next Time

- Automated test case generation using search/optimization.
- Assignment 4 - Due Sunday
  - Modularity/Design Patterns
  - Questions?



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